

### **Question:**

• How can I make sure my baby gets enough iron when he or she is 6 months old?



- Iron is needed for growth, development and making healthy blood.
- Offer iron rich, whole foods to baby first.
  - Meat (e.g. moose, deer, fish, beef, chicken).
  - Meat alternatives (e.g. beans, lentils, eggs).
  - Iron-fortified infant cereal (e.g. rice, oat, wheat).
- Vitamin C helps baby absorb iron from food. It is found in vegetables and fruit.





### **True or False:**

• My baby can eat locally caught fish.



#### **Answer: True!**

- Fish is a good source of iron, protein, omega-3 fatty acids, vitamins and minerals.
- Make sure fish is thoroughly cooked and the proper texture for baby. Remove all bones are so baby does not choke.
- Some fish have higher levels of mercury, which can be harmful to baby. Talk to your health care provider or visit <a href="www.environment.gov.sk.ca">www.environment.gov.sk.ca</a> for more information.



### **Question:**

 How do I know my baby is ready to start eating solid food?



- Baby is ready to try solid foods when he or she:
  - Is 6 months old.
  - Watches what others are eating.
  - Reaches for food.
  - Sits unassisted or with help from a chair.
  - Holds head up and can turn it side to side.
  - Seems hungry and is not full after breastfeeding.



MOITH

**Question:** 

 Are there any foods that I should avoid offering to my baby?



- Keep baby safe by avoiding:
  - Foods baby can choke on like whole grapes, hot dogs, popcorn and hard candy. Healthy foods like grapes can be cut into small pieces to make them safe.
  - Honey until baby is at least 1 year old. Baby's immune system is not strong enough to handle honey until then.
  - Undercooked or raw meat and eggs.
    These may contain harmful bacteria that make baby sick.



#### **True or False:**

• The best way to prevent a food allergy is to delay eating certain foods like eggs, fish and nuts.





### **Answer: False!**

- Delaying certain foods will not prevent a food allergy.
- Food allergies are not very common.
  Also, they tend to run in families.
- Offer foods like eggs, fish and nuts at the appropriate texture with other healthy foods at 6 months. Introduce these foods one at a time.



#### **True or False:**

All of baby's first foods should be pureed or smooth without lumps.



### **Answer: False!**

- Baby can enjoy a variety of soft textures and finger foods at 6 months like:
  - Deboned fish or ground cooked meat.
  - Pieces of soft cooked carrots or broccoli.
  - Pieces of soft banana or applesauce.
  - Strips of whole wheat toast or macaroni.
  - Grated cheese or cottage cheese.



#### **True or False:**

 It is best to offer baby drinks in an open cup instead of a sippy cup.



#### **Answer: True!**

- Using an open cup helps baby to develop their drinking skills. It will be messy at first!
- The best beverages for baby are water and homogenized cows milk (3.25% MF). Wait to offer milk until baby is 9-12 months old.
- Do not offer baby juice, tea, coffee, pop or other sugary beverages. These beverages are not healthy for baby.



#### **True or False:**

• You can continue to breastfeed baby even after solid foods are introduced.



#### **Answer: True!**

- Breastfeeding continues to provide half or more of baby's nutrition needs from 6-12 months.
- It is recommended that baby continues breastfeeding for up to 2 years or beyond.



### **Question:**

 When should my baby be eating with the family?

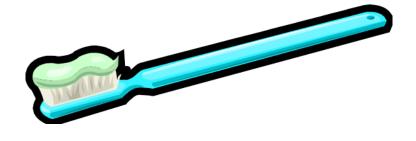


- Include baby at family meals before they are eating solids. Babies are more likely to enjoy new foods when they can watch others eat and enjoy food.
- Let baby explore and play with the foods at the table. It will be messy!
- Make meal times free of cell phones, TV and other distractions. Let this be a family bonding time.

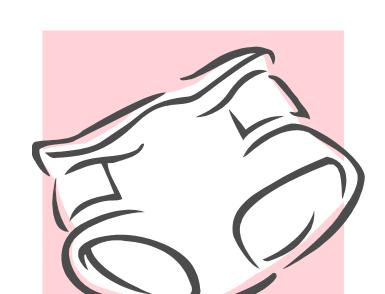


• Can I use toothpaste as soon as my baby's first tooth comes in?





- Toothpaste is recommended once teeth are present. Choose fluorinated toothpaste.
- Brush your baby's teeth every day. Use a "grain of rice" size of toothpaste. Teach your baby to spit out the toothpaste, not swallow it.
- Have your baby's mouth checked by a dental professional by their first birthday.



### **Question:**

 Will my baby's poop change once they start eating solids?



- Changes in the number, colour, and texture of poop happen when baby starts eating solids.
- Each baby will develop a regular bowel pattern. Infrequent pooping may happen.
- Talk your health care provider if you have concerns about constipation or diarrhea.
  - Constipation is when poop is passed less often than usual. It is hard, dry, difficult or painful to pass.
  - Diarrhea is when poop is passed more often than is usual. It is loose and watery.



### **Question:**

• What are the best foods for my baby to eat?



- Choose whole foods from all 4 food groups.
  - Offer iron rich foods, brightly coloured vegetables and fruit, whole grains and age appropriate dairy products.
  - Babies can eat healthy family foods. Offer foods at the appropriate texture for baby.
  - Offer new foods one at a time.
  - Added salt or sugar is not needed. Let baby experience the natural taste of food.



#### **True or False:**

 Gagging is normal when baby is learning how to eat.



#### **Answer: True!**

- Babies may gag when learning how to chew and swallow. Gagging prevents baby from choking on food.
- Tips to keep baby from gagging:
  - Use a smaller spoon.
  - Offer foods at the table with no distractions.
  - Offer textures baby can handle well.
  - Talk to your health care provider if you have questions or concerns about baby's eating.



### **Question:**

• What can I do if my baby sometimes refuses new foods?



- It may take up to 15 tastes or more before baby likes a new food.
- Do not pressure baby to eat. Instead try:
  - Offering the refused food again in a few days.
  - Serving food at different temperatures.
  - Mixing solid food with breastmilk.
  - Making sure baby is happy and alert and is not tired.



### **Question:**

 What role do you and your baby play in eating?



- Your role is to decide where, when and what food will be offered.
- Baby's role is decide if and how much to eat.
  Watch baby for cues that he or she is full:
  - Turns head away from food.
  - Pushes away the spoon.
  - Plays with spoon, bowl or plate.
  - Acts uninterested in food.
  - Refuses to open mouth for another bite.